




$K(\infty)$: Hopf \mathbb{Z} -alg

\diamond, Δ

$L: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow K(\infty)$
 $1 \mapsto \mathbb{1} \cdot \mathfrak{H}_0\text{-mod}$

$\varepsilon: \underline{K(\infty)} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$
proj to $K_0(\text{Rep}_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathfrak{H}_0)$

Th 9.2.1 $(K(\infty), \diamond, \Delta, L, \varepsilon)$ is Hopf alg
 $\Delta: K(\infty) \rightarrow K(\infty) \otimes K(\infty)$: alg homo regarding \diamond .

$$\Delta([M] \circ [N]) = \underbrace{\Delta([M])}_{\in \underline{K(\infty)} \otimes K(\infty)} \circ \underbrace{\Delta([N])}_{\leftarrow}$$

Proof Using Mackey Theorem

$\text{Res}_{\mu}^n \text{Ind}_{\nu}^n M$ has composition factor
 $\sum_{x \in \mathcal{D}_{\mu, \nu}} \text{Ind}_{\mu \cap \nu}^{\mu \times \nu} \left(\text{Res}_{x^{-1} \mu \cap \nu}^{\nu} M \right)$

E.g. $M: \mathfrak{H}_2\text{-mod}$ $N: \mathfrak{H}_2\text{-mod}$

$$[M] \circ [N] = [\text{Ind}_{2,2}^4 M \otimes N]$$

$$\Delta([\text{Ind}_{2,2}^4 M \otimes N]) = [\text{Res}_{3,1}^4 \text{Ind}_{2,2}^4 M \otimes N] \leftarrow$$
$$+ [\text{Res}_{2,2}^4 \dots] + [\text{Res}_{4,0}^4 \dots]$$

$$[\text{Res}_{3,1}^4 \text{Ind}_{2,2}^4 M \otimes N] = \text{Ind}_{\mu \times \nu}^{3,1} \text{Res}^{2,2} M \otimes N$$

$$x = \begin{matrix} \mathfrak{h}_1 \otimes \mathfrak{h}_2 \otimes \mathfrak{h}_1 \\ M_1 \ N \ M' \\ \begin{matrix} \diagdown & \diagup \\ M_1 M' & N \end{matrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$= \text{Ind}_{1,2,1}^{3,1} \left(\text{Res}_{1,1,2}^{2,2} \frac{M \otimes N}{\mathfrak{h}_2 \ \mathfrak{h}_2} \right) + I \dots \mathfrak{h}_1 \otimes \mathfrak{h}_1$$

$$\Delta([M]) = \underbrace{[M_2] \otimes [M^2]}_{\mathfrak{h}_2 \otimes \mathfrak{h}_2} + [M_1] \otimes [M^1]_{\mathfrak{h}_1 \otimes \mathfrak{h}_1} + [M_2] \otimes [M^0]_{\mathfrak{h}_2 \otimes \mathfrak{h}_0} \leftarrow$$

$$= \text{Ind}_{(1,2,1)}^{(3,1)} (M_1 \otimes M' \otimes N)$$

$$= \text{Ind}_{1,2,1}^{3,1} (M_1 \otimes N \otimes M')$$

$$\Delta([M] \circ [N]) = [\text{Ind}_{1,2}^3 M_1 \otimes N] \otimes [M^1] \leftarrow$$

$$\Delta([M]) \circ \Delta([N])$$

$$\begin{aligned} & ([M_1] \otimes [M^1]) \cdot ([N_2] \otimes [N^0]) \\ &= ([M_1] + [N_2]) \otimes ([M^1] \cdot [N^0]) \\ &= [\text{ind}_{1,2}^3 M_1 \otimes N_2] \otimes [\text{ind}_{1,0}^1 M^1 \otimes N^0] \leftarrow \end{aligned}$$

Lemma 9.2.4

$e_i : K(\infty) \rightarrow K(\infty)$

e_i 's satisfy the Serre relations.

① $e_i e_j = e_j e_i \quad |i-j| > 1 \quad \checkmark$

② $\underline{e_i^2} e_j + e_j e_i^2 = 2 e_i e_j e_i \quad p > 2$

$e_i^3 e_j + 3 e_i e_j e_i^2 = 3 e_i^2 e_j e_i + e_j e_i^3 \quad p = 2$

$e_i^r \cong r! e_i^{(r)}$
 $e_i^r [M] \cong r! e_i^{(r)} [M]$

$e_i^r = (r!) e_i^{(r)}$ as operators on $K(\infty)$

$$\left(\frac{e_i}{r!}\right) \frac{e_i}{r!} = \frac{e_j}{r!} + \frac{e_j}{r!} \frac{e_i}{r!} \frac{e_i}{r!} = \dots$$

$$e_i^{(r)} e_i^{(r)} e_j^{(r)} + e_j^{(r)}$$

e ↓

Proof

$$\Delta_{n-1,1}^n ([M]) = \sum_M [M_{(1)}] \otimes [M_{(2)}]$$

\downarrow \downarrow
 \mathfrak{K}_{n-1} \mathfrak{K}_1

$$e_i^{\leftarrow} ([M]) = \sum_{M_{(2)} \simeq L(i)} [M_{(1)}]$$

$L(i) \leftarrow X_n$ acts by i

operator

$$e_i(w) = \text{Res}_{n-1}^{n-1} w_i$$

↑ generalized i -eigenspace under the action of X_n

$$\left(\Delta_{n-2,1}^{n-1} \otimes \text{id} \right) \left(\Delta_{n-1,1}^n ([M]) \right) = \sum \left(\Delta_{n-2,1}^{n-1} [M_{(1)}] \right) \otimes [M_{(2)}]$$

$$\equiv \sum_M M_{(1)} \otimes M_{(2)} \otimes M_{(3)}$$

$$\left(\text{id} \otimes \Delta_{1,1}^2 \right) \left(\Delta_{n-2,2}^n ([M]) \right) \equiv$$

$$e_i^2 e_j + e_j e_i^2 = 2e_i e_j \quad (*)$$

$$\Delta_{n-3,1,1,1}^n (M) = \left(\text{id} \otimes \Delta_{1,1,1}^3 \right) \left(\Delta_{n-3,3}^n (M) \right)$$

$$= \left(\text{id} \otimes \Delta_{1,1,1}^3 \right) \left(\sum_i M_i \otimes N_i \right)$$

sufficient to look at terms where $N_i \simeq L(i,i,j) \leftarrow$
 or $L(i,j,i) \leftarrow$
 or $L(j,i,i) \leftarrow$

o.w. (*) acts as zero

$$\left(\text{id} \otimes \Delta_{1,1,1}^3 \right) \left(N \otimes L(i,j,i) \right) = [N] \otimes \text{Ch } L(i,j,i)$$

(Lemma 6.2.2)

$$= [N] \otimes \left(\underbrace{[L(i) \otimes L(j)] \otimes [L(i)]}_{+} \leftarrow \right. \\ \left. + 2 [L(i) \otimes L(i) \otimes L(j)] \right)$$

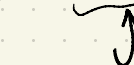
$$e_i^2 e_j ([M]) = e_i^2 \left([N] \otimes 2 [L(i) \otimes L(i)] \right) \\ = e_i \left([N] \otimes 2 [L(i)] \right) = 2 [N]$$

$$e_j e_i^2 ([M]) = 0$$

$$2 e_i e_j e_i ([M]) = 2 [N]$$

$$L(i) \otimes L(j) \otimes L(i)$$

$$\Delta: \underline{K(\infty)} \rightarrow \underline{K(\infty) \otimes K(\infty)}$$



$$\Delta^\lambda: \underline{K(\lambda)} \rightarrow \underline{K(\infty) \otimes K(\infty)}$$

$$\mathfrak{h}_n \\ \chi_i^\vee$$

$$\mathfrak{h}_{n_1} \otimes \mathfrak{h}_{n_2} \\ \chi_i^\vee$$

$$n_1 + n_2 = n$$

$$K(\lambda) \otimes K(\infty)$$

$K(\infty)^*$: restricted dual

$$= \{ f: K(\infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \mid f \text{ zero on all but finitely many} \\ \text{elts in } \underline{B(\infty)} \}$$

$B(\infty)$: \mathbb{Z} -basis for $K(\infty)$

$$\underline{K(\infty)^*} \xrightarrow{\sim} \underline{K(\lambda)}$$

$$f \in K(\infty)^*$$

$$\underline{K(\lambda)} \xrightarrow{\Delta^\lambda} \underline{K(\lambda) \otimes K(\infty)} \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes f} \underline{K(\lambda) \otimes \mathbb{Z}} \cong \underline{K(\lambda)}$$

action of f : composition

$K(\infty)^* \cong K(\infty)$ faithful
 $M \in B(\infty), \delta_M \in K(\infty)^*$

Lemma 9.25. $e_i^{(r)} : K(\infty) \rightarrow K(\infty)$ i.e. $\cong K(\infty)$

$e_i^{(r)}$ agrees with $\delta_{L(i^r)} \in K(\infty)^*$

$(r!)e_i^{(r)} \cong e_i$

Lemma 9.26

$\pi: U_{\mathbb{Z}}^+ \rightarrow K(\infty)^*$

upper half of $U(\mathfrak{sl}_n)$

i.e. gen. by $\{E_i\} / \sim$ Serre rel

$\underbrace{E_i^{(r)}}_{=} = \frac{1}{r!} E_i^r \mapsto \delta_{L(i^r)}$
 $\underbrace{E_i^r}_{\frac{E_i^r}{r!}} \mapsto \underbrace{e_i^{(r)}}_{+}$

① coalg hom.

$K(\infty)^* \rightarrow K(\infty)^* \otimes K(\infty)^*$

$f \mapsto \sum_i f_i \otimes g_i$

$K(\infty) \otimes K(\infty) \xrightarrow{\circ} K(\infty) \xrightarrow{f} \mathbb{Z}$

$[M] \otimes [N]$

s.t. $\sum_i f_i \otimes g_i ([M] \otimes [N]) = f_i([M]) \cdot g_i([N])$

$= f([M] \circ [N])$

$K(\infty)^* \otimes K(\infty)^* = (K(\infty) \otimes K(\infty))^*$

$\Delta(E_i^{(r)}) = E_i^{(r)} \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes E_i^{(r)}$

$\Delta(\delta_{L(i^r)}) = \delta_{L(i^r)} \otimes 1 + 1 \otimes \delta_{L(i^r)}$

$E_i \mapsto \delta_{L(i)}$

$\frac{1}{r!} \delta_{L(i^r)} = \delta_{L(i^r)}$

② alg hom

$\delta_{L(i^r)}$'s satisfy Serre Relations as operators on $K(\infty)$

$\delta_{L(i^r)}$'s ----- in $K(\infty)^*$
(as an algebra)